





Being the Voice of the Barony of Lochmere in the Kingdom of Atlantia, SCA, Inc.















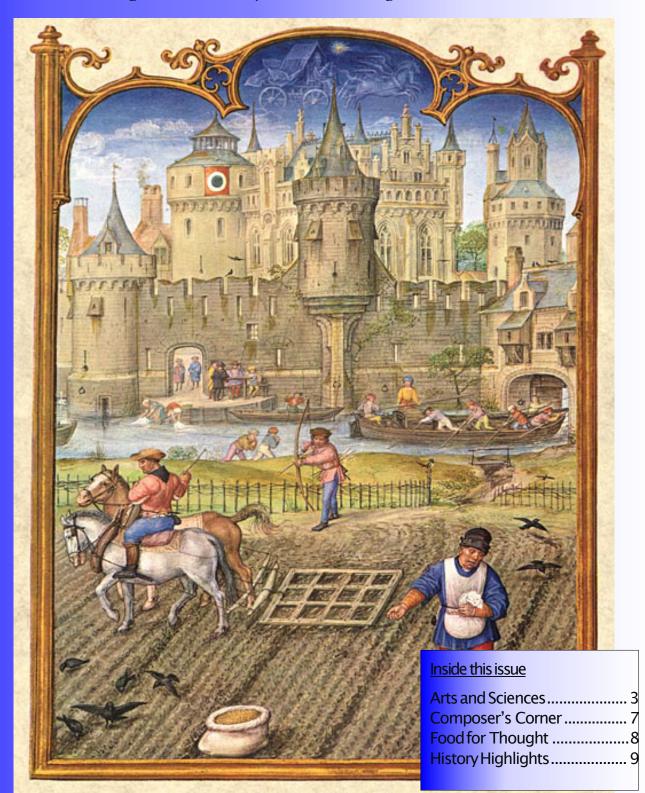




Table of Contents

Their Excellencies **Lochmere Calendar of Events** Atlantia Calendar of Events Information on the Dredgings. Attention Lochmere Officers This Month in History Help Wanted Arts and Sciences New Member Information. **Baronial Reoccurring Activities** Populace Meeting Minutes. Composers' Corner... Food for Thought. History Highlights Lochmere Officers Listing. Lochmere Baronial Champions .. 10

Information of the Dredgings
The Dredgings is a publication of
the Barony of Lochmere of the
Society of Creative Anachronism,
Inc. The Dredgings is a free
publication and is available
electronically. You may request a
copy from the Barony of Lochmere
Chronicler at
chronicler@lochmere atlantia sca

chronicler@lochmere.atlantia.sca.

This newsletter is not a corporate publication of the Society of Creative Anachronism, Inc., and does not delineate SCA policies. ©2020, Society of Creative Anachronism, Inc.

For information on reprinting letter and artwork from this publication, please contact the Barony of Lochmere Chronicler at chronicler@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org, who will assist you in contacting the original creator of the piece. Please respect the legal rights of the contributors.

Attention Lochmere Officers
Make sure your information in this
newsletter and website is correct.
Contact Lady Katla Flokadottir at
chronicler@lochmere.atlantia.sca.

org for The Dredgings and Lady Marta De Lyon at <u>webminister@</u> <u>lochmere atlantia sca org</u> for the website

Website.
Please submit your Baronial
Report in advance of the business
meeting via email to Sir Aelfred of
Cres at seneschal@lochmere.
atlantia sca.org and the
Chronicler, Lady Katla at
chronicler@lochmere.atlantia.sca.

Thank You!

Front Cover

Oktober, Brevarium Grimani, fol. 11v (Flemish), circa 1510, Venedig, Biblioteca Marciana https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Breviarium Grimani – Oktober.jpg#mw-jump-to-license

Their Excellencies

To the Populace of Lochmere, Greetings!

Sarra and I have been keeping busy with projects around the house, some SCAdian, some mundane. We are doing what we can while we all are in this period of sequester. When you get a chance please share your projects that you are working on. We would love to see all the wonderful art or science projects Our Barony is creating and hope that you would be willing to show us what you are doing.

You might have heard a couple of Royal Missives back that the virtual court being held in December in our lands will also be an Investiture. We are really excited for Lord Linhart and Maestra Letia as they step up to be our next Baron and Baroness! More information will follow soon as we get it - but stay tuned. While we are on the subject - please submit award recommendations to their Majesties or to us.:)

Thank you all for what you continue to do to keep the dream alive. Your contributions don't go unnoticed.

Yours in Service,

Cormacc and Sarra Baron and Baroness, Lochmere





Wanted: Youth Minister - Do you like children? Do you like playing games and sharing the fun that the SCA offers to little tikes? Then this is the job for you! If you are interested in learning more about the position please contact the current Minister of Youth, Baroness Tatiana Ivanovna of Birchwood Keep at

CRBosworth@aol.com. If you want to put your name in the hat for the position please contact our Seneschal, Sir Aelfred of Cres

seneschal@lochmere.atlantia.s

Wanted: Knight Marshal - If stabbing people with pointy sticks or hitting them with other large objects makes you go squeee, then maybe the position of Knight Marshal is what's missing from your life. For more details please contact the current Knight Marshal, Lord Linhart Von Marburg and he can fill you in on all of the juicy details. You can email him at knightmarshal@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org. If this sounds like something you would like to do, please contact our Seneschal, Sir Aelfred of Cres at seneschal@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org.

Wanted: Arts and Sciences Minister - Fabric, scrolls, and alchemy, oh My! Do you love art? Do you love science? Do you love both? Well then, the Minister of Arts and Sciences is just the position for you. Please contact Lady Anne d'Evreux for all the magnificent and wonderful details about this

office at moas@lochmere_atlantia_sca_org. If you would like to just go ahead and offer to take the position you can email our Seneschal, Sir Aelfred of Cres at seneschal@lochmere_atlantia_sca_org.

Wanted: Seneschal and

Deputy Seneschal – Are you organized? Do you like running meetings? Most of all are you good with people? Then the position of Seneschal, or the Deputy, is what is missing from your life. If you are interested in either position please contact the current Seneschal, Sir Aelfred of Cres at seneschal@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org.



Ants and Sciences



I have been working long hours recently and I've been too exhausted to do much- for that I apologize.

TIP- There are a million ways to embellish your clothing to make it look fancy and high status. Those things are pretty and it feels good to have. When I first started making garb for myself and my son, I made the dresses with the long trains and the fancy sleeves. My son wore embroidered

tunics and I even made a Landsknecht (German Renascence) outfit for him-complete with the fine linen undershirt with a smocked collar!

Then I discovered something VERY important. My persona might be as high class as I want, and can afford to sew for-

but I cannot create the staff that would have gone with her station. I still have to set up my own pavilion, cook my own food, and carry my own chair.

food, and carry my own chair.

"Portacastles" are a special challenge with big, draping sleeves. My son looked great in his little Landknecht – but he outgrew it faster than it took me to construct the outfit!

I don't regret making the Landknecht for him-I learned a lot through the process. I do not regret making all of the fancy dresses (though I did cut the trains off of them after a particularly wet event) because I felt great wearing them.

Each creation has a lesson and you will never loose the skills that you learned along the way, so make the things that you feel good in, but don't forget to make a few working pieces as well. As your well of experience deepens your construction will improve. With the right fit and the right material choices, your working outfits will be spectacular too! (But keep making the less practical things and wear those on special occasions—12th night, coronation, indoor events).

To the left is a cotehardie, sometimes called "gothic fitted dress". I wanted one in wool for warmth. The fabric weight, pattern on the fabric, and the fit make this look far fancier than it really is.

This Month in History

October 1

366 St Damasus I begins his reign as Catholic Pope 704 Aengibald gives away bishop Willibrord estate in Waalre 911 During a siege in Constantinople, Mary, the mother of Jesus, appeared in Blachernae holding veil praying faithful 959 Edgar I, the Peaceful, becomes King of all England 965 John XIII Crescentii elected to succeed Pope Leo VIII 1189 Gerard de Ridefort, grandmaster of Knights Templar since is killed in the Siege of Acre 1273 Count Rudolf van Habsburg becomes King of the Germans 1529 Meeting between Maarten Luther & Huldrych Zwingli 1569 Duke of Norfolk arrested by Queen Elizabeth I for conspiring to marry Mary Queen of Scots 1574 Storm breaks Leiden dike; drowns 20,000 Spanish soldiers October 2 939 Battle at Andernach 976 Hisham II appointed Kalief of Cordoba 1134 Storm flood ravages Zeeland County 1187 Sultan Saladin captures Jerusalem from Crusaders 1263 The Battle of Largs 1492 King Henry VII of England invades France 1518 Cardinal Thomas Wolsey makes European plan 1535 Jacques Cartier discovers Mount Royal (Montreal) 1540 Venice & Turkey signs peace 1552 Conquest of Kazan by Ivan the Terrible 1572 Spanish army occupies, plunders, and destroys Mechelen October 3 1143 Cardinal Guido elected Pope Coelestinus II 1247 Willem II of Holland elected Roman Catholic German Emperor 1264 Comet said to predict death of Pope Urban IV is last seen

Roman Catholic German Emperor 1264 Comet said to predict death of Pope Urban IV is last seen 1283 Dafydd ap Gruffydd, Prince of Gwynedd, Wales, becomes the first person executed by being hanged, drawn, and quartered 1430 Jews expelled from Eger Bohemia

1569 Battle of Montcontour 1574 The Siege of Leiden is lifted by Watergeuzen and forces of Admiral Boisot

October 4

1209 Pope Innocent II crowns German King Otto of Wittelsbach 1227 Assassination of Caliph al-Adil.

1363 End of Battle of Lake Poyang 1537 The first complete Englishlanguage Bible printed, with translations by William Tyndale and Miles Coverdale 1571 Synod of Emden, Calvinist

leaders establish the Dutch Reformed Church 1582 Last Julian calendar day in

1582 Last Julian calendar day in Spain, Portugal & pontifical states





October 5 610 Heraclius' fleet takes Constantinople 869 4th Council of Constantinople (8th ecumenical council) opens 1143 King Alfonso VII of Leon

recognizes Portugal as a Kingdom 1274 Around 1,000 soldiers of Mongol army land on Japanese island of Tsushima, first attack of Kublai Khan's Mongol invasion 1349 Paris theologian Jean de Fayt warns against Flagellants at

Avignon 1430 Duke Philip the Good of Burgundy visits Brussels 1450 Jews expelled from Lower Bavaria by order of Ludwig IX 1465 French King Louis XI signs peace with Charles the Stout 1511 Eedgenootschap signs anti-French Saint League

1550 Foundation of the city of Concepción, Chile 1568 Conference of York begins 1568 William of Orange's army occupies Brabant

1572 Spanish army under Alva's son Don Frederik plunders Mechelen

1582 Gregorian calendar introduced in Italy and other Catholic countries October 6

891 Formosus begins his reign as Catholic Pope 1111 Boudouin VII becomes earl of Flanders

1499 French King Louis XII occupies Milan 1567 Duke of Alva becomes land guardian of Netherlands

October 7 336 Pope Saint Mark's death ends his reign as Catholic Pope leaving the papacy vacant 1492 Christopher Columbus

misses Florida when he changes course

October 8 314 Battle at Cibalae 451 Council of Chalcedon (4th ecumenical council) opens 876 Battle at Andernach 1075 Dmitar Zvonimir is crowned King of Croatia 1085 San Marcos ministry in Venice initiated

1480 Great standing on Ugra river, standoff between forces of Akhmat Khan, Khan of the Great Horde, & Ivan III Grand Prince of all Rus, Tataro-Mongols retreat, leds to disintegration of the Horde 1600 San Marino adopts constitution

October 9 768 Charlemagne & brother Carloman I are crowned Kings of The Franks

869 Charles the Bald crowned King of Lotharingen 1000 Leif Ericson discovers
"Vinland" (possibly L'Anse aux
Meadows) reputedly becoming 1st
European to reach North America
1192 Richard I of England, the Lion Heart, leaves Jerusalem in disquise

Reoccurring Activities

Populace Meeting First Monday of every month 7:15 pm Odenton Public Library 1325 Annapolis Road Odenton, MD 21113

Fighter Practice (Heavy & Rapier) **Every Tuesday** 7:00 pm Severn Christian Church 8132 New Cut Road , Severn, MD 21144

Archery Practice Every Thursday (til time change)

Lord Ivan's Home 511 Chad Avenue, Severn, MD 21144

Equestrian Practice 10:00 am till? Meeting and potluck follows , 2361 Rutland Rd Davidsonville, MD 21035

Lochmere Vocal and Music Group Please contact Sir Aelfred of Cres ttoich@verizon.net

Arts and Sciences Lady Anne d'Evreux moas@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

New Member Importation

If you are new to the Barony of Lochmere, there websites may be of help:

Barony of Lochmere Homepage: http://www.lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

Barony of Lochmere Facebook Group: http://www.facebook.com/groups/ LochmereSCA

Kingdom of Atlantia Homepage: http://www.atlantia.sca.org

Kingdom of Atlantia Event Page: http://www.atlantia.sca.org/events/atlantiacalender-events

Kingdom of Atlantia Online Event Page: https://virtual.atlantia.sca.org/calender.php

The Acorn, Atlantia's Official Newsletter: http://www.acorn.atlantia.sca.org

Official SCA Homepage: http://www.sca.org

You can also contact the Barony of Lochmere's Chatelain at: chatelain@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

opulace Meeting Minutes

Baron and Baroness:

- Currently doing happy hours every week and hope you receive joy from attending
 - Enjoy seeing and hearing from everyone
 - ♦ It's important to stay in touch
 - ♦ Allows us to communicate with each other
- ◆ Virtual court December 4, 2020 with Lochmere
 - ♦ Maybe 10 people
 - Will give out details when we have more
 - ♦ Looking for award recommendations for people
 - Please send them in, their majesties are looking for them too
 - ♦ Not sure if investiture will happen then will ▼ let everyone know when we know

Populace Meeting Minutes

Nexcellencies:

◆ Cheers!

Seneschal: (CC Filing in)

◆ Opening of Atlantia announcement

- Looking at opening up in October depending on the numbers for higher number events
- Right now outdoor activities are open
- ♦ PPE must be used
- ♦ No more then 10 people total
- Social distancing practices in place
- Officers are not required to offer activities for any reasons
- Policy up on Kingdom website
- ♦ How do people feel about October to start up fighter practice (no minors)
 - ♦ \$500 for site, including bathroom but has to be outside
 - Will be published at a later date with dates and details
- ◆ Kingdom is doing a lot of virtual activities
- ◆ Crown is scheduled on Feb. 6, 2021 (virtual)
 - ♦ Looking for an appropriate site
 - Looking for an autocrat (don't need to find location just organize contact Kingdom Sens.)
 - ♦Their excellencies already talked about our virtual court in December
 - ♦Unevent is virtual this year 5-6 Dec. 2020
 - ♦University virtual 13 Sept. 2020

Chronicler:

◆ Got newsletter off on time

Exchequer: (emailed report)

- ◆ September 2020 Exchequer's Report (reporting period 1-31 August 2020)
- Ledger Balance is \$11,591.62
- ◆ The event report for Night Under the Faie Moon is complete and after refunds we made a profit of \$144.37
- ◆ I wrote refund checks that totaled \$131.00, the only expense was \$8.63 for PayPal fees

Minister of Arts and Sciences:

- ◆ Had meeting with kingdom MOAS
- ◆ Looking for a replacement
 - ♦ Will stay till we find someone else
 - ♦ I am ready to move on
 - ♦ Contact me and I will give pointers

Chatelain:

♦ Not in attendance

Herald: (emailed report)

Nothing to report

Minister of the Lists:

◆ Not in attendance



1238 James I of Aragon conquers Valencia & founds Kingdom of Valencia 1290 Last of 16,000 Jews expelled by King Edward I leave England 1446 The Hangul alphabet is published in Korea 1558 Mérida is founded in Venezuela 1573 Don Frederik & the Spanish disband the siege of Alkmaar 1595 The Spanish army captures 1597 Eighty Years War October 10 680 Al-Hussein & his followers killed at Karbala by army of Yazid, Umayyad caliph, on way to Kufa 1375 Westfriese sea wall breaks flooding northern Netherlands 1471 Battle of Brunkeberg 1549 Duke of Somerset fired as Lord Protector & imprisoned 1575 Battle of Dormans 1578 Count Johan Casimir occupies Ghent w/500 horsemen October 11 1138 Earthquake in Aleppo, Syria, kills an estimated 230,000 1521 Pope Leo X titles King Henry VIII of England "Defender of the 1531 Battle of Kappel 1540 Emperor Karel names his son Philip, Duke of Milan 1573 Battle of South Seas October 12 638 Honorius I ends his reign as Catholic Pope 642 John IV ends his reign as Catholic Pope 1160 Maurice de Sully is elected bishop of Paris, will initiate plan to build Notre Dame 1165 Jewish rabbi and philosopher Moses ben Maimon (aka Maimonides or the Rambam) eaches Jerusalem 216 King John of England loses his crown jewels in The Wash as the flood tide swamps his wagons, probably near Fosdyke, perhaps near Sutton Bridge 1279 Nichiren, a Japanese Buddhist monk, founder of Nichiren Buddhism, inscribes the Dai-Gohonzon 1285 180 Jews refuse baptism in Munich Germany and set on fire 1366 King Frederick III of Siciliy forbids decorations on synagogues
1398 Treaty of Salynas is signed
between Grand Duke of Lithuania
Vytautas the Great & Teutonic
Knights, who received Samogitia. 1459 Battle at Ludford Bridge 1492 Flemish rebel leader Philip van Kleef surrenders 1492 Christopher Columbus's expedition makes landfall on a Caribbean island he names San Salvador (likely Watling Island, Bahamas) The explorer believes he has reached East Asia 1504 Queen Isabella I of Spain signs her testament 1509 Emperor Maximilian leaves





1518 Pontifical ambassador interrogates Martin Luther 1549 John Dudley, Earl of Warwick, forces the Duke of Somerset out of his office as Lord

1576 Rudolf II succeeds Maximilian II as Holy Roman **Emperor**

October 13 54 Nero succeeds Claudius as Roman Emperor

409 Vandals & Alans crossed the Pyrenees and appear in Hispania 1213 Battle of Steppes 1282 Nichiren Daishonin, founder

1282 Nichiren Daishonin, founder of the Nichiren School of Buddhism, dies, his ashes are interred at Taisekiji Temple.
1307 French King Philip IV has Grand Master Jacques de Molay & Knights Templar arrested & charged of idolatry & corruption 1483 Rabbi Issac Abarbanel starts his exegesis on Bible 1492 English admiral Sir Edward Poynings' fleet occupies Lock 1501 Maximilian of Austria & Louis XII sign Treaty of Trente 1534 Alessandro Farnese elected

1534 Alessandro Farnese elected

as Pope Paul III 1536 Pilgrimage of Grace begins in Northern England, protest against King Henry VIII's break with Pope

October 14 530 Discorus ends his reign as Catholic anti-Pope

1066 Battle of Hastings: William the Conqueror and Norman army defeat English forces of Harold II who is killed in battle 1322 Robert the Bruce of Scotland

defeats King Edward II of England at Byland, forcing Edward to accept Scotland's independence 1468 Treaty of Peronne

1492 Christopher Columbus leaves San Salvador; arrives in Santa Maria of Concepcion 1586 Mary Queen of Scots goes on trial for conspirate against trial for conspiracy against Elizabeth

October 15

533 Byzantine general Belisarius makes his formal entry into Carthage, having conquered it from Vandals.

1520 King Henry VIII of England orders bowling lanes at Whitehall 1522 Emperor Karel I names Hernán Cortés governor of Mexico 1552 Khanate of Kazan is conquered by troops of Ivan

1581 Commissioned by Catherine De Medici, the 1st ballet "Ballet Comique de la Reine" is staged in

1582 Many Catholic countries switch to Gregorian calendar, skip

1598 Spanish general strategist Bernardino de Mendoza occupies fort Rhine

October 16 456 Magister militum Ricimer defeats the Emperor Avitus at Piacenza and becomes master of

the Western Roman Empire.

opulace Meeting Minut

Knight Marshal:

◆ Need a replacement

♦ One-person expressed interest – if there is no one else should we put out name for comment?

Need to fill out paperwork and send up the chain – then we can do a yea or nay on it

Archery and Thrown Weapons Marshal:

Hoping to get things starting soon

♦ Able to open but I work on Thursday evenings – will try to change work

 Éthan can hold thrown weapons if not there – but no others for archery at the moment

Try and get Evan trained up so he can hold practices

◆ Been working on Highland Havoc – virtually

♦ Still working out details – for those who don't have outdoor practice place

looking at indoor options

Web Minister:

Nothing to report – Working on Katla's email issue – sent up to kingdom

If you need anything on website please let me know

Minister of Youth:

◆ No youth activities or practices

Youth are still banned from participating in Atlantia at this time

◆ Warrants for myself and Scholastica Joycors are expired as of this last spring

Need a replacement

Old Business:

Battle on the Bay:

◆ Discussion with Storvik – they will run 2021 and we will take over 2022 back to normal rotating schedule

◆ Still need to talk to Storvik to get deposit back

Night on the Town: Night Under the Faie Moon

◆ Nothing to report – waiting on Gov. Hogan

On Target:

◆ Nothing new – still looking for someone who may have to take over because of another event already paid for

◆ Can do everything up to the event – just might not be able to attend

Mid-Winter:

Decided to postpone

New Business:

◆ Nothing to report

Next Meeting: October 5, 2020





This month: Philippe de Vitry By Mistress Arianna Morgan, OP

Last month's article featured Guillaume de Machaut, a 14th century composer. This month I will focus on Phillipe de Vitry one of Machaut's slightly

older contemporaries.

Philippe de Vitry was born in France in 1291 and died at the age of 70, in 1361. Like Machaut, he had a lengthy life span for someone who lived in France during Bubonic Plague (1347 – 1352). In addition to being a celebrated musician, composer, poet, and music theorist, de Vitry was also a bishop, administrator, diplomat, political adviser, and was regarded as one of the greatest intellectuals of his time. He spent most of his life in Paris, working for the French courts of Charles IV, Philippe VI, and Jean II. However he did travel often on diplomatic missions. It was during these travels that he met Petrach, the famed poet of the 14th century. The two became fast friends and admired each other's work. In fact, two letters from Petrarch to de Vitry survive in which he praises de Vitry's poetry, music, and enquiring mind.

De Vitry studied at the College of Sarbonne (established in 1253). The College later became known as the University of Paris and is still an operating university. He was ordained as a deacon at a young age. His earliest known employment was in fact for Charles the IV and as stated above, his successors. De Vitry was also associated with Louis de Bourbon, the Count of Clermont, and served as his clerk, administrator, and diplomat for 20 years. In 1327, Louis became the Duke of Bourbon and De Vitry continued in his employ. The Duke was very active in French politics which had an influence on the works De Vitry produced. In 1340, he went into the service of King Pillippe VI, holding several prominent positions. He continued in this service when the King's son was crowned in 1350. In 1351, during a diplomatic mission to the papal court in Avignon, Pope Clement IV appointed him Bishop of Meaux, a

post he held until his death in 1361.

Although de Vitry was considered an outstanding composer and poet of his time, most of his "claim to fame" is mainly derived from his contribution as a musician. He is credited as being the author of the famous and authoritative treatise of music, Ars Nova (c.1321, Ars Nova means "New Art"). This treatise dealt with theoretical concepts of French music in the first half of the 14th century. According to Britannica On-line Encyclopedia, the treatise "included an explanation of new theories of mensural notation, a detailed account of the various uses and meanings of colored notes, and the introduction of additional durational symbols in the new notational system." There are 24 chapters in the Ars Nova. Modern scholars believe that only the last 10 are original. These are the chapters that dealt with mensural rhythm and notation. Mensural notation refers to a European system of musical notation used from c. 1260 to 1600. It evolved as a method to notate complex rhythms beyond the possibilities of previous notation (neumes).

Sadly, most of de Vitry's compositions were lost. De Vitry is believed to have written chansons and motets but only some of the motets have survived. Some of his lost and extant works are referenced in various treatises most notably in Ars Nova. As stated in my previous article, medieval motets were primarily vocal compositions (sacred or secular) that were of diverse forms and styles. De Vitry is often credited with developing the concept of isorhythm. An isorhythmic line is one which has repeating patterns of rhythms and pitches, usually in the tenor line. However the patterns overlap rather than correspond. His music also makes effective use of the hocket. A hocket was a common feature in medieval polyphony, particularly in the 14th century. Single notes, or groups of notes alternate between parts. The result of the exchange is a more or less continuous flow with one voice resting while the other voice sounds.

Six, three-part motets attributed to de Vitry have survived in the 'Roman de Fauvel." The Roman de Fauvel, published in 1316 was a continuous poetic narrative in which a satirical attack is launched against the failings of the medieval church and contemporary political life. Over 150 monophic songs and polyphone motets were inserted throughout. Nine additional motets can be found in the 'Ivrea Codex', a parchment manuscript that contained a significant collection of 14th century French music. The original manuscript for the Roman de Fauvel and the Ivrea Codex are housed in the Biblioteque Nationale de France.

This image is of Heu, Fortuna Subdola (center) by Philippe de Vitry contained in the Roman de Fauvel





Image from "Ivrea Codex" Folio 23v-24 "Douce Playsence" by Philippe de Vitry

Listening Examples:

https://youtu.be/4Qatw5B3vc4 Vos qui Admiramini https://youtu.be/s0sHwM241eE In Arboris Isorhythmic

https://youtu.be/502wPTiD4r8 Heu, Fortuna Subdola (first manuscript)

https://youtu.be/jCMc9DGmUu8 Douce Playsence (second manuscript)

1311 Council of Vienne (15th ecumenical council) opens 1384 Jadwiga is crowned King of Poland, despite being a woman 1492 Christopher Columbus' fleet anchors at "Fernandina" 1502 Storm ravages Friese coast 1551 English Edward Seymour Duke of Somerset re-arrested 1600 Olivier van Noorts ships reach Philippines October 17 415 Jewish autonomy in Palestine ended by the Romans and Raban Gamliel forced from office 532 Boniface II ends his reign as Catholic Pope 733 Battle at Tours (Poitiers) 1346 Battle of Neville's Cross: King David II of Scotland is captured by Edward III of England at Calais, imprisoned in the Tower of London for eleven years. 1387 Swells convent Windesheim initiated 1404 Cosma de' Migliorati elected Pope Innocentius VII 1448 Second Battle of Kosovo 1456 The University of Greifswald is established, making it second oldest university in northern continental Európe 1483 Tomas de Torquemada appointed inquisitor-general of Spain 1556 Ex-emperor Karel departs Netherland for Spain October 18 707 John VII ends his reign as Catholic Pope 1009 The Church of the Holy Sepulchre in Jerusalem is destroyed by the Fatimid caliph Al-Hakim bi-Amr Allah, who hacks the Church's foundations down to bedrock 1016 Danes defeat Saxons at Battle of Assandun (Ashingdon) 1081 Battle of Dyrrhachium 1267 Battle at Marienholz 1356 Basel earthquake, the most significant historic seismological event north of the Alps, destroys Basel in Switzerland 1386 Opening of the University of Heidelberg 1534 New pursuit of French **Protestants** 1561 Fourth Battle of Kawanakajima 1564 John Hawkins begins 2nd trip to America 1572 Spanish troops attack Maastricht October 19 439 The Vandals, led by King Gaiseric, take Carthage in North 615 St Deusdedit I begins his reign as Catholic Pope 1031 Abbot Humbertus van Echternach opens grave of Saint Willibrord 1216 King John of England dies at Newark-on-Trent and is succeeded by his nine-year-old son Henry 1298 Rindfleisch-140 Jews of Heilbron Germany are murdered 1453 French retake Bordeaux following the Battle of Castillon





1466 The Thirteen Years' War ends with the Second Peace of Thorn, Germany 1492 Christopher Columbus sights "Isabela", now Fortune Island/Long Cay, Bahamas 1512 Martin Luther becomes a doctor of theology 1576 Dutch provinces begin consultation about Spanish existence

October 20 1097 1st Crusaders arrive in Antioch during the First Crusade October 21

310 St Eusebius ends his reign as Catholic Pope

335 Roman Emperor Constantine the Great rules that Jews are not allowed to purchase & circumcise Christian slaves

Catholic Pope
1096 Sultan Kilidj Arslan of Nicea
defeats 1st Crusaders
1187 Alberto de Morra elected as

Pope Gregorius VIII 1512 Martin Luther joins theological faculty of University of

Wittenberg. 1520 Explorer Ferdinand Magellan & his fleet reach Cape Virgenes & become first Europeans to sail into the Pacific Ocean

1553 Volumes of Talmud are

1555 Emperor Charles V makes Erard of Pallandt earl of Culemborg

1555 English parliament refuses to recognize Philip of Spain as

1568 2nd Altenburger sermon 1591 Nijmegen surrenders to Earl

Mauritius van Nassau October 22 362 The temple of Apollo at Daphne, outside of Antioch, is destroyed in a mysterious fire 794 Emperor Kanmu relocates Japanese capital to Heiankyo 1335 Ex-emperor Hanazono (95th Emperor of Japan) became a Zen

1383 The 1383-85 Crisis in Portugal 1575 Foundation of

Aguascalientes (one of 32 Federal Entities of Mexico)

October 23 425 Valentinian III is elevated to Roman Emperor, at the age of 6 502 The Synodus Palmaris, called by Gothic King Theodoric the Great, discharges Pope Symmachus of all charges, thus ending the schism of Antipope Laurentius

585 Burgundy king Guntram opens synod of Macon (Mastico) 787 Byzantine empress Irene recovers Iconclastic cult at Nicaea 1086 Battle of az-Zallaqah 1091 Tornado strikes heart of London killing two & demolishing wooden London Bridge 1157 Battle of Grathe Heath ends

1229 Otto II becomes earl of Gelre October 24





So, you want to cook like it's 1399? I did not know that I wanted to until I joined the SCA some five years ago. There are many sources online with translations and interpretations of historical recipes available and I will share some of those with you. Unfortunately, I am a cookbook collector and my new found interest in historical cooking has added to that habit! So far, I have obtained some "new" cookbooks to my already large collection:

◆ An Early Meal – A Viking Age Cookbook and Culinary Odyssey by Serra and Tunberg

• Outlander Kitchen: The Official Outlander Companion Cookbook by Carle-Sanders

◆ Shakespeare's Kitchen by Segan ◆ A Feast of Ice & Fire – The Official Companion Cookbook by Monroe-Cassel and Lehrer

◆ The Opera of Bartolomeo Scappi (1570): The Art and Craft of a Master Cook translated by

◆ Libellus de arte coquinaria: An Early Northern Cookery Book translated by Grewe and

◆ Regional Cuisines of Medieval Europe: A Book of Essays edited by Adamson

 The Book of Sent Sovi: Medieval Recipes from Catalonia translated by Vogelzang

◆ A Banquet at the Old Hall: An invitation to participate in historic cooking by Webster

Some of the many websites I frequent are:

◆ Oakden Traditional Cookware: they also have recipes in addition to their beautiful cookware: https://oakden.co.uk/

◆ Old cook, History of the cuisine Medieval gastronomy, European cultural heritage. I love this website, great information and recipes: https:// www.oldcook.com/en/

◆ Open Culture: An Archive of 3,000 Vintage Cookbooks Lets You Travel Back Through Culinary Time: http:// www.openculture.com/2016/07/anarchive-of-3000-vintage-cookbooks-letsyou-travel-back-through-culinarytime.html?fbclid=IwAR1Ent2c2LYq7usdX gx5ouWKp2wT3tvvWrarg5EHDLODlDda GkdL1ZeW9Fg

◆ The Foods Project of England: This is such a great resource: http:// www.foodsofengland.co.uk/index.htm

♦ Gode Cookery: http:// www.godecookery.com/gcooktoc/ gcooktoc.htm

◆ Internet Archive is a great source for old books in general: https://archive.org/

◆ Early English Books: https:// quod.lib.umich.edu/e/eebogroup/

 Winterthur Collection: https:// cdm17274.contentdm.oclc.org/digital/ collection/Recipes

◆ Savoring the Past: https:// savoringthepast.net/

♦ Medieval Cuisine: https://

www.wikiwand.com/en/Medieval cuisine ◆ Coquinaria: https://coquinaria.nl/en/

◆ Medieval Cuisine: http:// www.medievalcuisine.com/

◆ Ancient, Middle Ages or Medieval, Renaissance or Early Modern Cookbooks online: http://www.angelfire.com/md3, openhearthcooking/aaCookbooks.html

Meddling Medlars: https:// meddlingmedlars.wordpress.com/

◆ The Oxford Food Symposium: https:// www.oxfordsymposium.org.uk/

 Archaeological Finds of Ninth- and Tenth-Century Viking Foodstuffs: https:// www.cs.vassar.edu/~capriest/vikfood.html

◆ Medieval Spell: http://www.medieval- spell.com/Medieval-Cooking.html

♦ Medieval Studies and resources: https:// sites.uwm.edu/carlin/

◆ Middle Ages and Renaissance Italian Cookbooks: http://italophiles.com/ancient cookbooks.htm

 Medieval and Renaissance Food: Sources, Recipes, and Articles: http://www.pbm.com/~lindahl/food.html

◆ Food Time Machine: https:// thefoodtimemachine.wordpress.com/

♦ Historical Cooking Texts: https:// www.uni-giessen.de/fbz/fb05/ germanistik/absprache/ sprachverwendung/gloning/kobu.htm

I suggest you look at some of these websites, or if you can get your hands on some of these books, dive in! The recipes are usually vague, so some sort of cooking experience is very helpful. If you are not experienced try some of the recipes that have been interrupted for you. Whatever you do have fun. I myself love to cook and I love hearing that people are enjoying the food I have prepared for them. At home I do not have the opportunity to experiment with many foods, other than meat and potatoes (that is basically all my husband eats). If I do, I am eating it for days on end until it is all gone. This is probably why I enjoying helping out or creating feasts for the populace at hand.

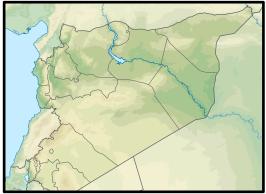
Have fun in the kitchen and please don't hesitate to ask for help.





Above <u>Detail from William Hole's painting The Battle of</u> <u>Largs</u>

The Battle of Largs, a battle fought on October 2, 1263, was between the kingdoms of Norway and Scotland, on the Firth of Clyde near Largs, Scotland. This was part of the Norwegian expedition against Scotland in 1263. Haakon Haakonsson, King of Norway attempted to reassert Norwegian sovereignty over the western seaboard of Scotland. Above Physical location map of Syria. De facto



situation.

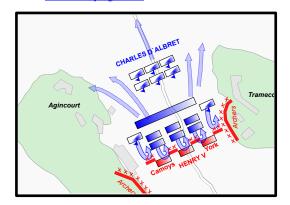
The Aleppo earthquake on October 11, 1138 was among the deadliest earthquakes in history. It is commonly listed as the third deadliest earthquake in history.



Above Grand Inquisitor Tomás de Torquemada

The Pope appointed a number of inquisitors for the Spanish Kingdoms in 1482, including Torquemada. On October 17, 1483 he was named Grand Inquisitor of Spain, which he held until his death in 1498. The following year, Torquemada promulgated the twenty-eight articles of faith that would be used to guide the inquisitors' investigations.

Above The Battle of Agincourt



The Battle of Agincourt was an English victory in the Hundred Years' War. It took place on October 25, 1415 near Azincourt, Northern France. The unexpected English victory against the French army boosted English morale and prestige, crippled France, and started a new period of English dominance in the war.

1260 Qutuz, Mamluk Sultans of Egypt is assassinated by Baibars, seizes power for himself 1260 The spectacular Cathedral of Chartres is dedicated in the presence of King Louis IX of France; now a UNESCO World Heritage Site reritage Site 1360 The Treaty of Brétigny is ratified at Calais, marking end of first phase of Hundred Years' War. 1492 24 Jews are burned stake in Mecklenburg, Germany 1531 Bavaria joins Schmalkaldic 1596 Battle at Kerestes October 25
625 Boniface V ends reign as
Catholic Pope 1131 Crowning of Louis VII the Young, King of France 1147 King Afonso I of Portugal occupiers Lisbon 1147 Seljuk Turks defeat German crusaders under Conrad III at the Battle of Dorylaeum 1241 Goffredo Castiglioni elected as Pope Coelestinus IV 1315 Adam Banastre, Henry de Lea and William Bradshaw, led an attack on Liverpool Castle 1415 Battle of Agincourt 1415 John IV van Bourgondy becomes Duke of Brabant & 1521 Emperor Charles V bans wooden buildings in Amsterdam 1555 Emperor Karel puts son Philip II in charge of Netherlands, Naples & Milan 1596 Spanish fleet sails from Lisbon to Ireland October 26 740 Earthquake strikes Constantinople, causing damage to city walls and buildings 1366 Comet approaches Earth 1407 Mobs attack Jewish community of Kraków 1492 Lead pencils first used 1524 Spanish troops give Milan to France 1529 Sir Thomas More appointed Lord Chancellor of England 1534 Charles V names Joris of Egmont as Bishop of Utrecht October 27 312 Roman Emperor Constantine the Great said to have received famous Vision of Cross 625 Honorius I begins his reign as Catholic Pope 710 Saracen invasion of Sardinia 939 Edmund I succeeds Athelstan as King of England 1275 Traditional founding of the city of Amsterdam 1507 Portuguese admiral Afonso de Albuquerque captures Persian fortress of Ormuz on Hormuz 1523 English troops occupy Montalidier, France 1553 Condemned as a heretic, Michael Servetus is burned at the stake just outside Geneva October 28 306 Maxentius proclaimed **Emperor of Rome**





312 Emperor Constantine the Great beats rival Maxentius at the Battle of the Milvian Bridge 969 Byzantine troops occupy

1061 Emperor disposes of bishop Cadalus & Pope Honorius II 1422 Charles V's son succeeds him as King Charles VII of France 1467 Battle at Brustem 1492 Christopher Columbus

sights Cuba & claims for Spain under name "Juana" October 29

1268 Conradin, last legitimate male heir of German Hohenstaufen dynasty of Kings & Holy Roman Emperors executed with Frederick I, Margrave of Baden by Charles I of Sicily 1390 1st trial for witchcraft, Paris. 1467 Battle of Brusthem 1508 Gelderse troops occupies

Kuinre 1552 Tsar Ivan IV escapes back to Moscow after battle 1591 Giovanni A Facchinetti elected as Pope Innocentius IX

October 30

637 Antioch surrenders after the Battle of Iron Bridge 701 John VI of Greece begins his reign as Catholic Pope 942 Alberic nominates Pope Marinus II (Martinus III) 1077 Holy Roman Emperor Henry IV gives the district of Stavoren to the bishop of Utrecht 1137 Battle of Rignano

1270 Eighth Crusade & siege of Tunis ended

1340 Battle of Rio Salado Battle 1389 French King Charles VI visits pope Clemens VII

1468 Charles the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, occupies Liege 1470 Wars of the Roses 1485 Henry VII of England

crowned at Westminster Abbey 1489 Peace of Tours, between **Emperor Maximilian I & Flemings** 1502 Vasco da Gama returns to Calicut, India for the second time 1503 Queen Isabella of Spain bans

violence against Indians October 31

802 Empress Irene of Byzantium driven out

1517 Martin Luther sends his 95 Theses to Albrecht von Brandenburg, the Archbishop of Mainz, precipitating the Protestant

Reformation 1541 Michelangelo Buonarroti

finishes painting "The Last Judgement" in the Sistine Chapel, Vatican City

1552 Emperor Karel & Markgraaf Albecht strike siege of Metz 1587 Leiden University Library opens its doors after its founding

1596 English, French & Dutch delegates sign anti-Spanish "Triple Covenant"

Lochmere Officers Listing

Baron:

Baron Cormac Ua Rigan baron@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org 443-538-6861

Baroness:

Baroness Sarra de Vicenza baroness@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

Seneschal:

Sir Aelfred of Cres seneschal@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

Deputy Seneschal:

Mistress Christiana Irina Chavkinaia ccsuggs meow@gmail.com

Chronicler:

Ladv Katla Flokadottir katlaflokadottir@gmail.com

Chatelain:

Lady Alyce de Glaize jhamilton5525@gmail.com chatelain@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

Exchequer:

Lady Brynhildr Grimkellsdottir exchequer@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org 410-544-0308

Quartermaster:

Mistress Arianna Morgan chrissings@juno.com

Minister of Arts & Sciences:

Lady Anne d'Evreux moas@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

Herald:

Mistress Genevieve d'Aquitaine herald@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org 301-879-6840

Deputy Herald:

Lady Maire inghean Dhunchain mhic Oisdealbhaigh maryagnesdcostello@gmail.com

Webminister:

Lady Marta De Lyon webminister@lochmere atlantia sca org **Deputy Webminister:** Lady Gwen verch Llwelyn kanamidori@gmail.com

Minister of the Lists:

Baroness Genevieve Dampier de la Marche mol@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

Minister of Youth:

Baroness Tatiana Ivanovna of Birchwood Keep CRBosworth@aol.com

Deputy Minister of Youth:

Lady Scholastica Joycors totallystories@gmail.com

Archery Marshal:

Dame Dealla Cohen deallac@juno.com

Knight Marshal:

Lord Linhart Von Marburg knightmarshal@lochmere.atlantia.sca.org

Lochmere Baronial Shampions

Rapier Fighting:

Lord Melchior zum grauen Wolf

Equestrian: Lady Aine d'Alton

Archery &Thrown Weapons: Ethan of Lochmere

Armored Fighting: Marcus Galmrsson

Lady Katla Flokadottir

